

PLATOSpec

The first scientific results

Marek Skarka

Astronomical Institute of CAS, Ondřejov
skarka@asu.cas.cz

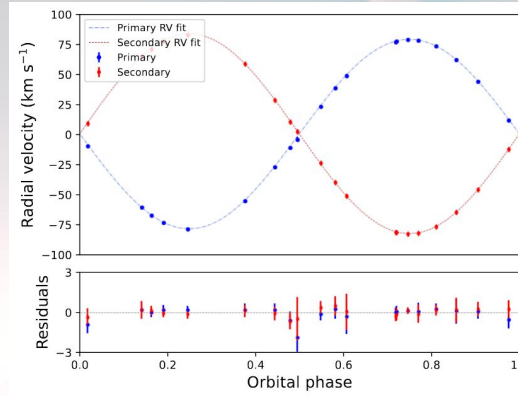
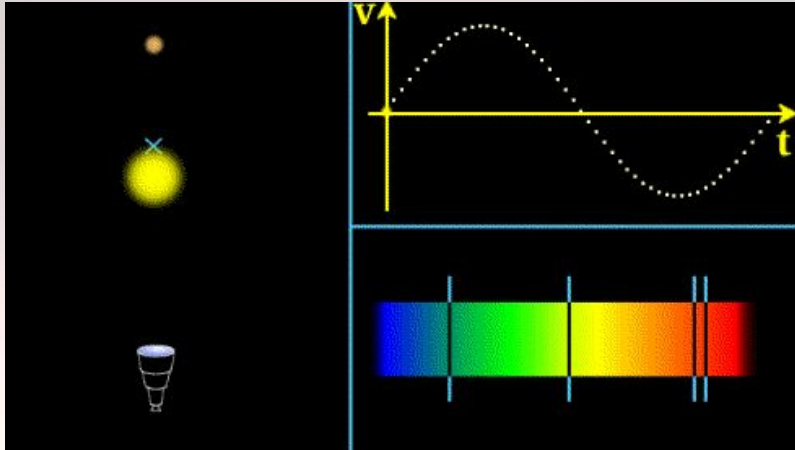


Astronomický
ústav
AV ČR

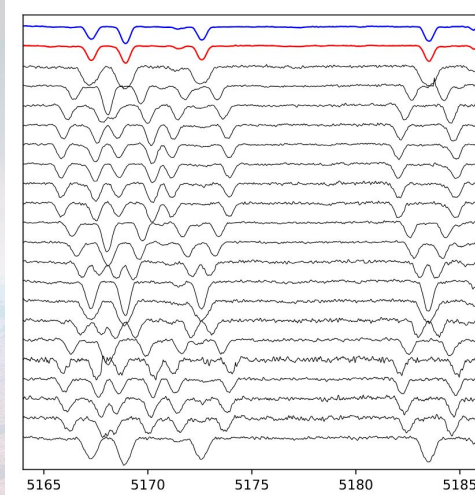


Radial velocities - principles

Change of frequency (wavelength) due to a common movement of the object and observer

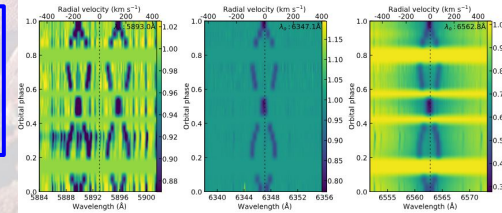


Skarka+, 2025A&A...698A..48S



$$\frac{v}{c} = \frac{\lambda_{\text{obs}} - \lambda}{\lambda} = \frac{\Delta\lambda}{\lambda}$$

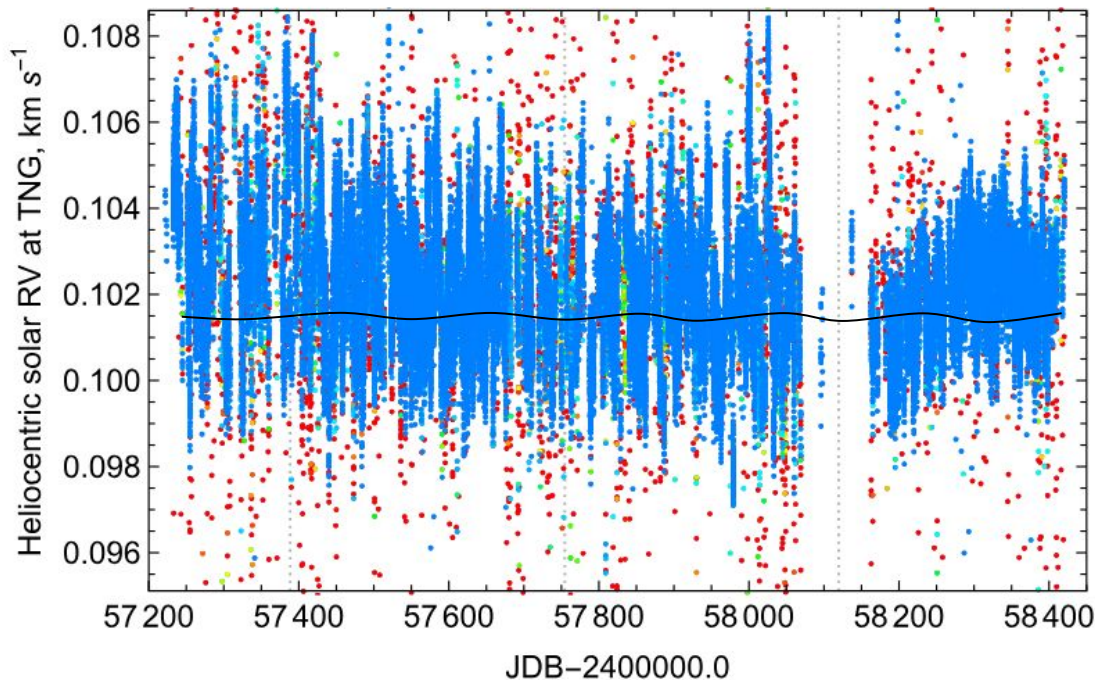
Measurements of RVs is the best way
how to measure masses of stars



Line shifts are very small. For exoplanets, $\Delta\lambda < \sim 0.002$ nm in optical range
Special considerations and techniques are required

Radial velocities

$$RV = RV_{\text{stellar}} + RV_{\text{orbital}} + RV_{\text{instrumental}}$$



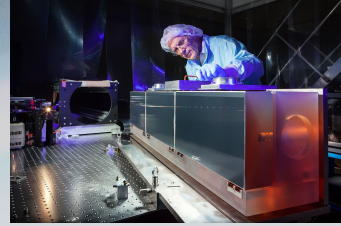
RV_{stellar} - stellar variability
(rotation, activity,
pulsations) + systemic
velocity

RV_{orbital} - reflection motion
due to a companion

$RV_{\text{instrumental}}$ - stability of the
instrument & telescope,
weather conditions,
movement of the observer,
data quality, data reduction
& analysis, Earth
atmosphere

Radial velocities

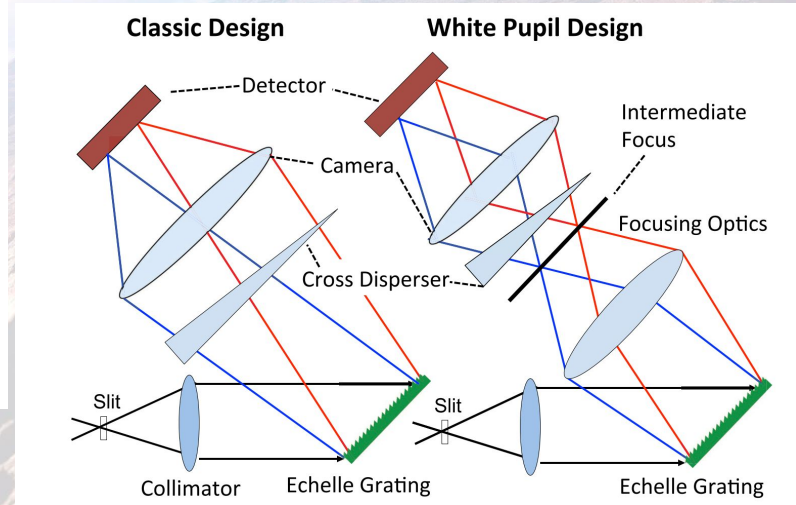
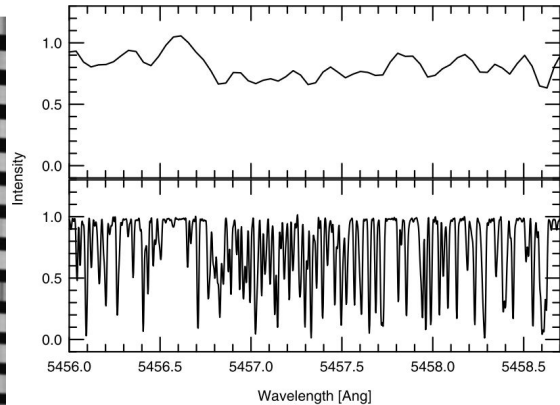
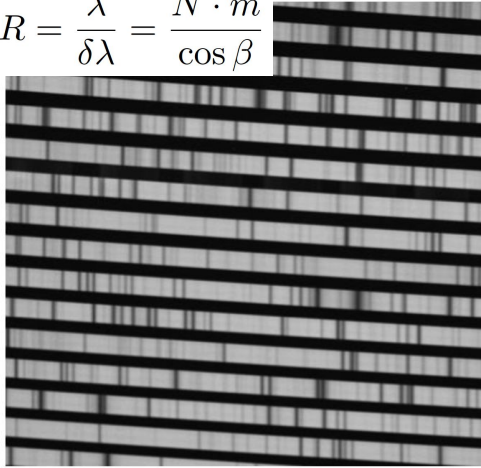
$$\sigma \text{ [m/s]} \propto \Delta\lambda^{-1/2} (S/N)^{-1} R^{-1.2} f(V) (0.16e^{1.79(T/5000)})$$



Instrumental characteristics (can be designed)

- **Spectral range** (instrument characteristics) -> Echelle spectrographs
- **Resolving power** (instrument characteristics) -> Echelle spectrographs
- Quality of the data (**efficiency** and **stability** of the instrument and optical system, pointing, observing strategy, observing conditions, data reduction, **data calibration**, analysis)

$$R = \frac{\lambda}{\delta\lambda} = \frac{N \cdot m}{\cos \beta}$$

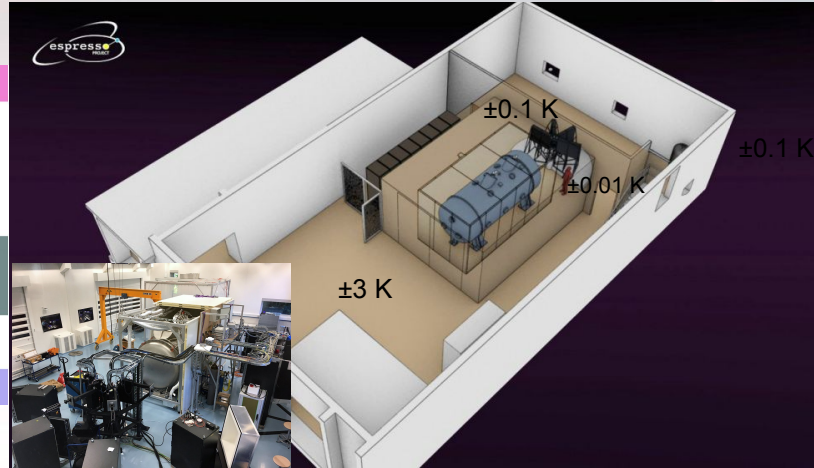
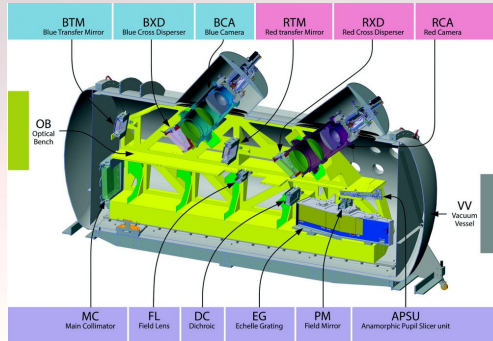


Radial velocities

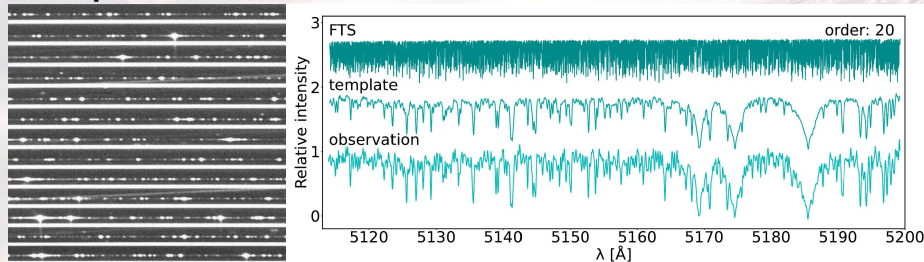
- Stability and calibrations are crucial ($\Delta p \sim 100$ Pa $\rightarrow \Delta RV \sim 80$ m/s)

ESPRESSO@VLT: $\delta T \sim 1$ mK, $\Delta p \sim 0.1$ Pa; ~ 0.1 m/s

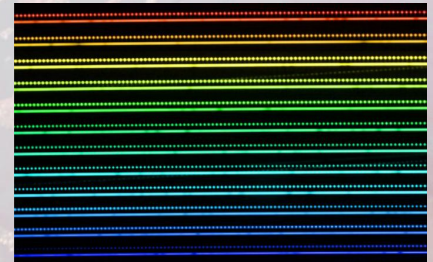
HARPS@3.6mLaSilla: $\delta T \sim 10$ mK, $\Delta p \sim 1$ Pa; ~ 1 m/s



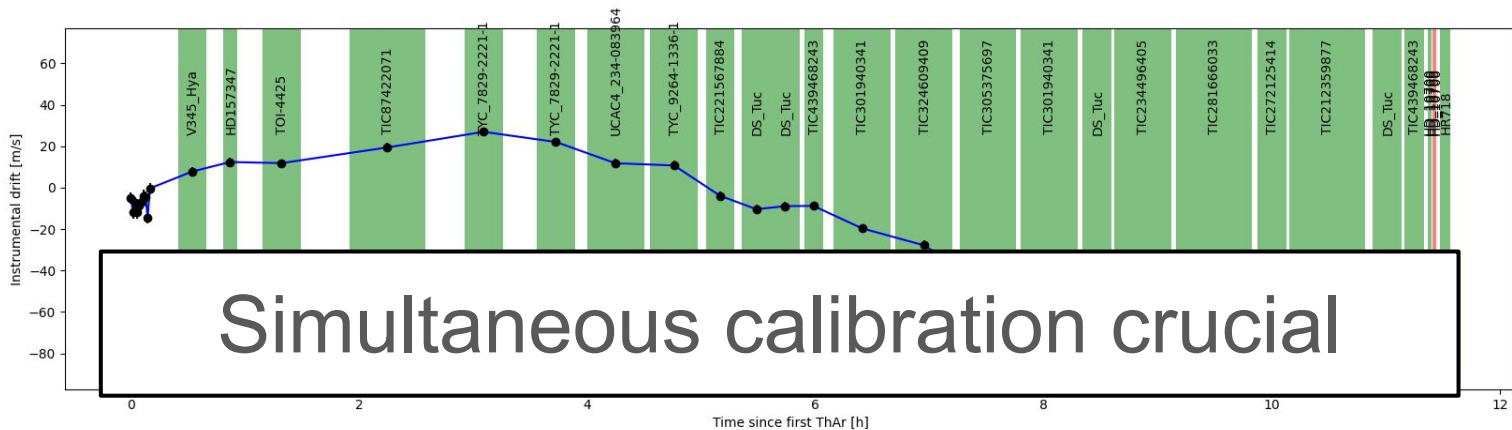
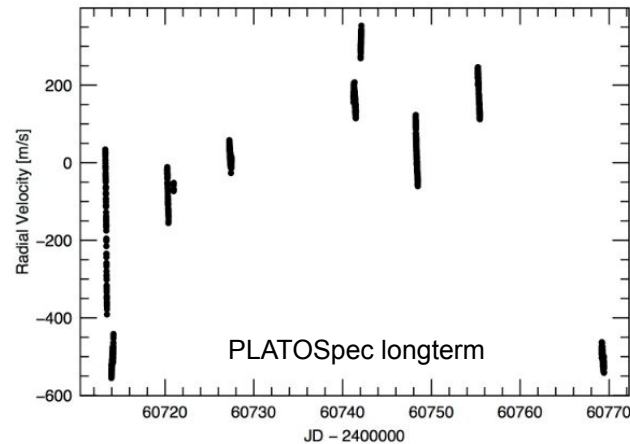
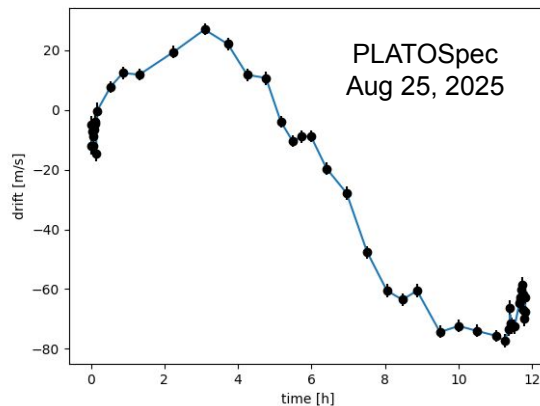
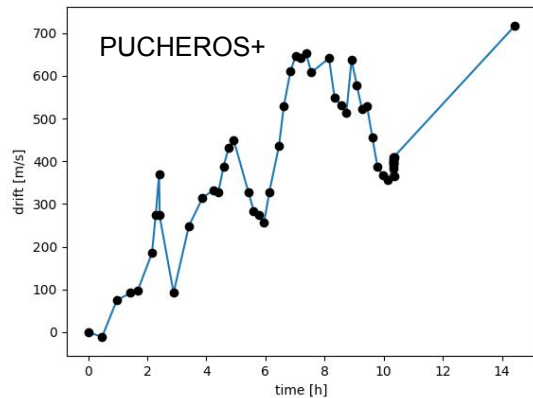
PLATOSpec has simultaneous ThAr and I2 calibrations



Fabry-Perot and laser combs



Radial velocities



Radial velocities

	HARPS@3.6 m	ESPRESSO@8.2 m	ANDES@39 m
Spectral range	380-690 nm	380-790 nm	400-1800 nm
Resolving power	115000	70000, 140000, 190000	100000
Precision	1 m/s	0.1 m/s	0.02 m/s

	Coralie@1.2 m	FEROS@2.2 m	FIDEOS@1.0 m	PLATOSpec@1.5 m	OES@2.0 m
Spectral range	390-680 nm	350-920 nm	420-800 nm	380-700 nm	380-9100 nm
Resolving power	60000	48000	43000	70000	50000
Precision	7 m/s	25 m/s	5-8 m/s	3-5 m/s	$\sim 10^1$ (I2); $\sim 10^2$ m/s

Radial velocities

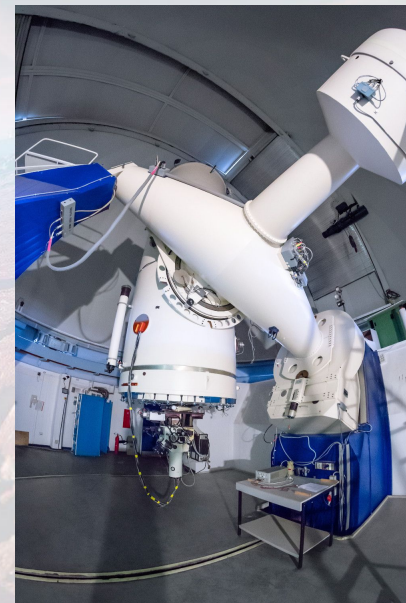
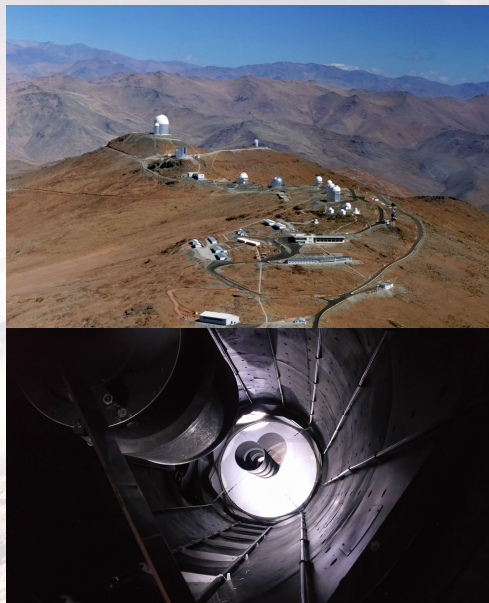
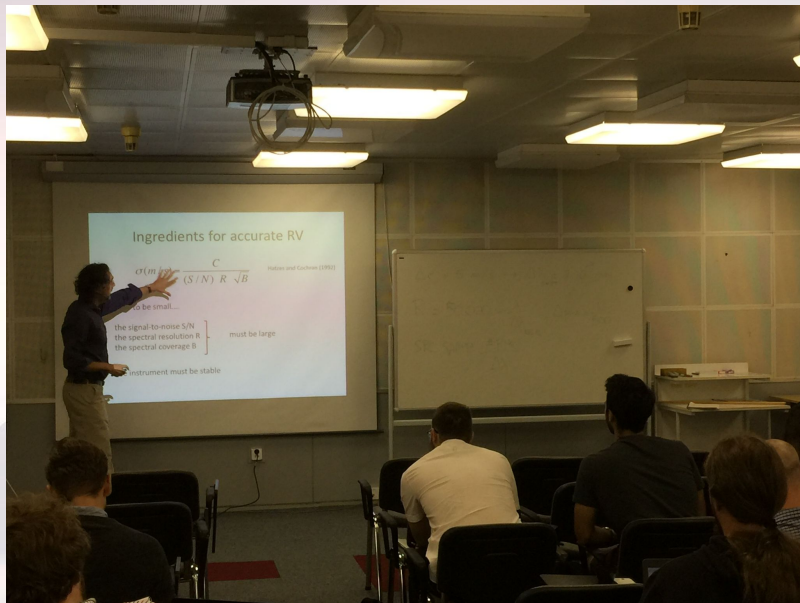
	HARPS@3.6 m	ESPRESSO@8.2 m	ANDES@39 m
Spectral range	380-690 nm	380-790 nm	400-1800 nm
Resolving power	115000	70000, 140000, 190000	100000
Precision	1 m/s	0.1 m/s	0.02 m/s

	Coralie@1.2 m	FEROS@2.2 m	FIDEOS@1.0 m	PLATOSpec@1.5 m	OES@2.0 m
Spectral range	390-680 nm	350-920 nm	420-800 nm	380-700 nm	380-9100 nm
Resolving power	60000	48000	43000	70000	50000
Precision	7 m/s	25 m/s	5-8 m/s	3-5 m/s	$\sim 10^1$ (I2); $\sim 10^2$ m/s

‘Unlimited’ observing time, instrument for exoplanet research

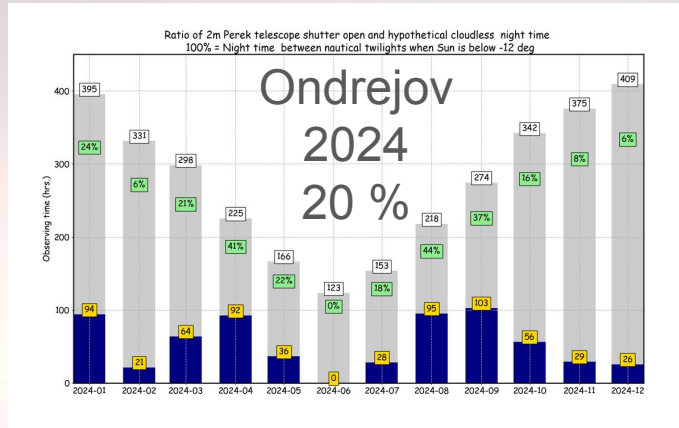
PLATOSpec project

- High-resolution, stable spectrograph as a support for the PLATO (and other) mission(s)
- La Silla, Chile, telescope E152 (E2)
- 2017-2020 negotiations, project planing, funding proposals



PLATOSpec project

- High-resolution, stable spectrograph as a support for the PLATO (and other) mission(s)
- La Silla, Chile, telescope E152 (E2)
- 2017-2020 negotiations, project planing, funding proposals



PLATOSpec: 82 %
(since its installation)

<https://stel.asu.cas.cz/plato/>



CONSORTIUM of PLATOSpec

Major participant



Astronomical Institute
of the Czech Academy of Sciences

Team members

Dr. Petr Kabáth - ASU Ondřejov
Dr. Marek Skarka - ASU Ondřejov



Thüringer Landessternwarte Tautenburg

Team members

Prof. Artie Hatzes - Tautenburg
Dr. Elke Guenther - Tautenburg



Universidad Católica de Chile

Team members

Prof. Leo Vanzí - UC Chile

Minor participant



Masaryk University
Faculty of Sciences

Team members

Dr. Jan Janík - MU Brno



Universidad Adolfo Ibáñez

Team members

Rafael Brahm (assistant professor UAI FIC)
Marcelo Tala (postdoc UAI FIC)
Andrés Gajardo (PhD student in data science UAI FIC)



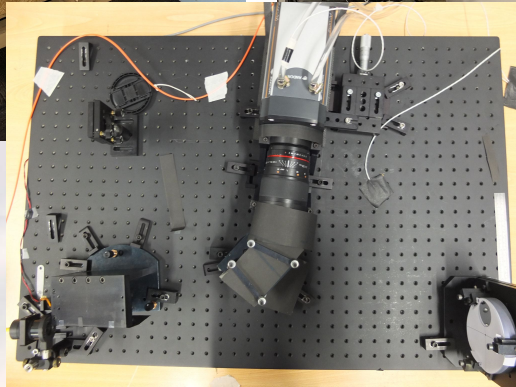
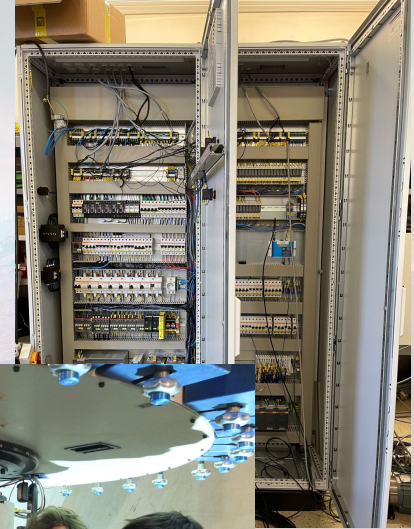
Institute of Plasma Physics
of the Czech Academy of Sciences

Team members

Dr. Pavel Pintr

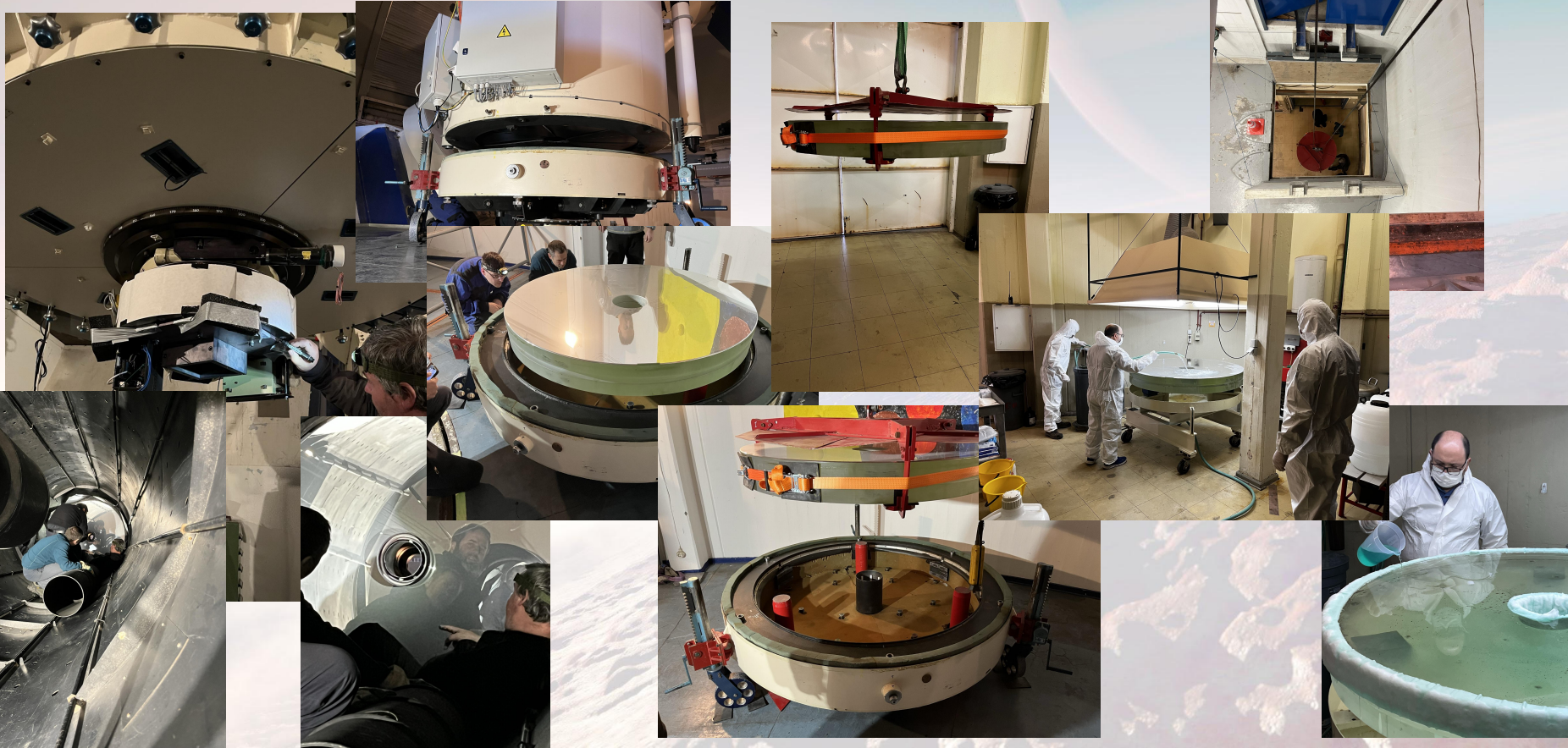
PLATOSpec project

- 2021-2022 - Telescope refurbishment (Projectsoft), PUCHEROS+ (Antonucci et al. 2025, MNRAS, 542, 1730)



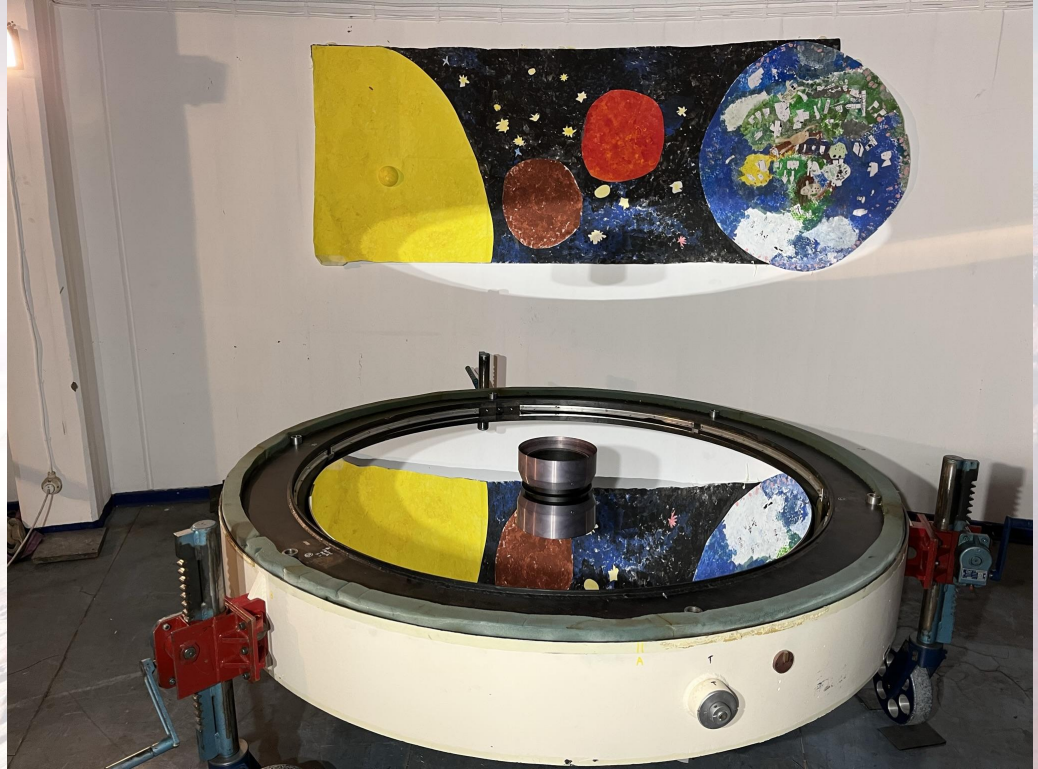
PLATOSpec project

- 2023 - recoating of the mirror, observations with PUCHEROS+



PLATOSpec project

- 2023 - recoating of the mirror, observations with PUCHEROS



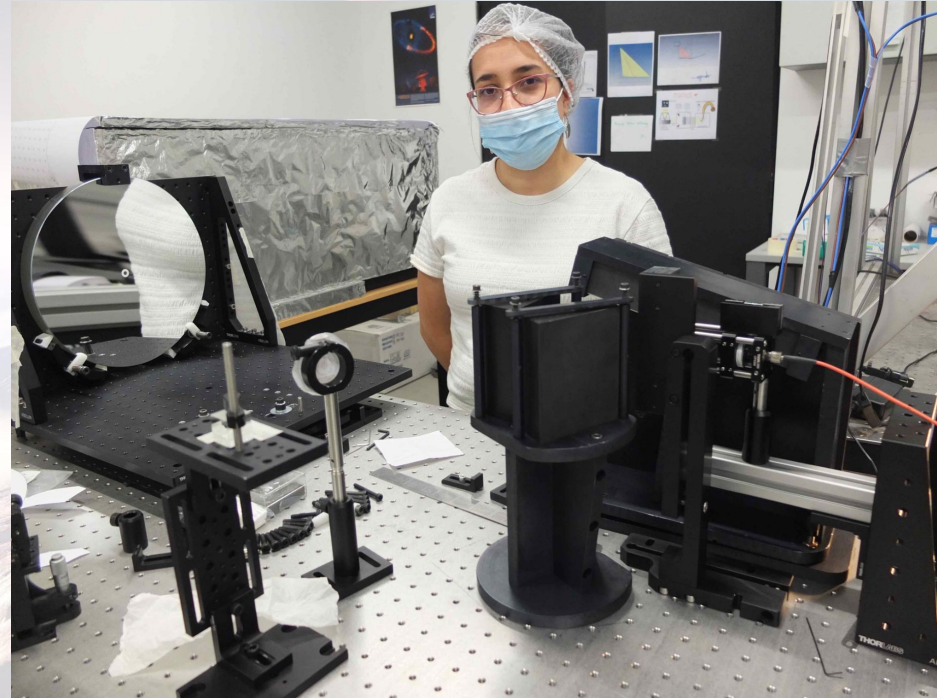
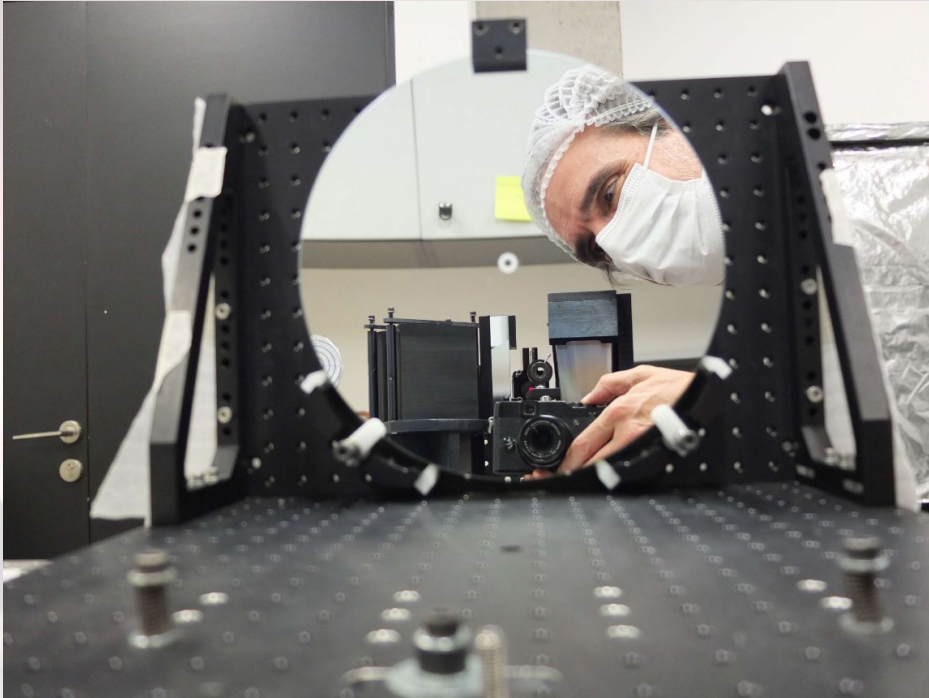
PLATOSpec project

- 2024 - FE, CU, optical fibers, balancing of the telescope, installation of PLATOSpec



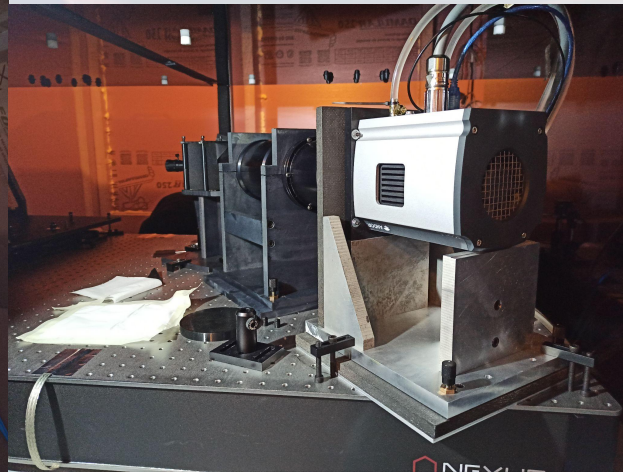
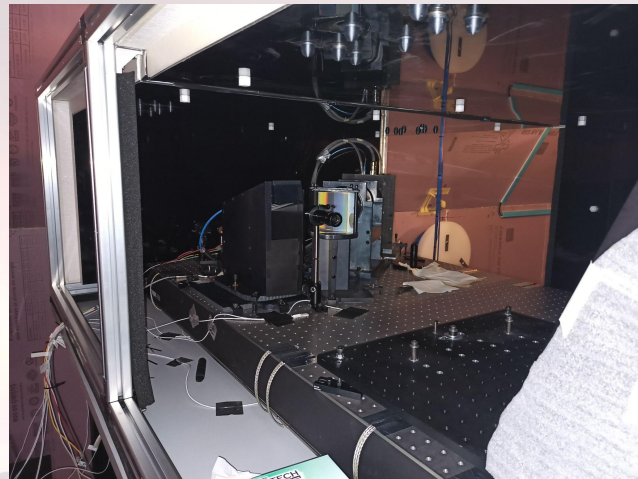
PLATOSpec project

- 2024 - FE, CU, optical fibers, balancing of the telescope, installation of PLATOSpec



PLATOSpec project

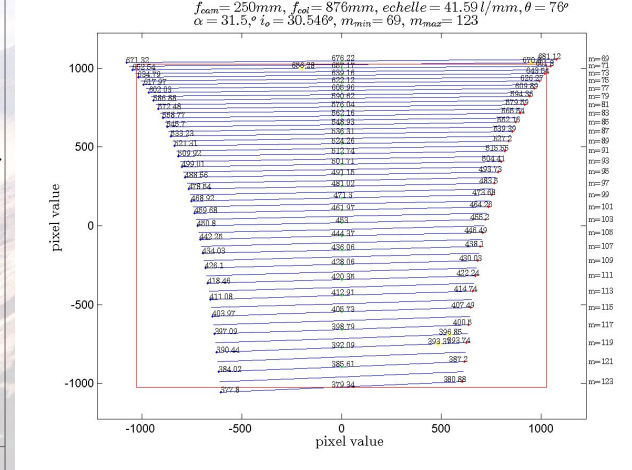
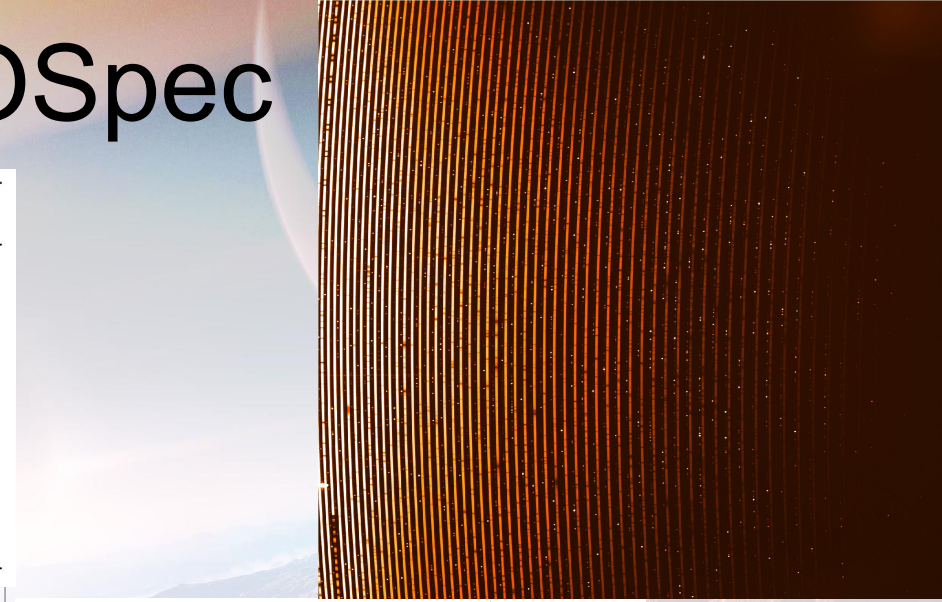
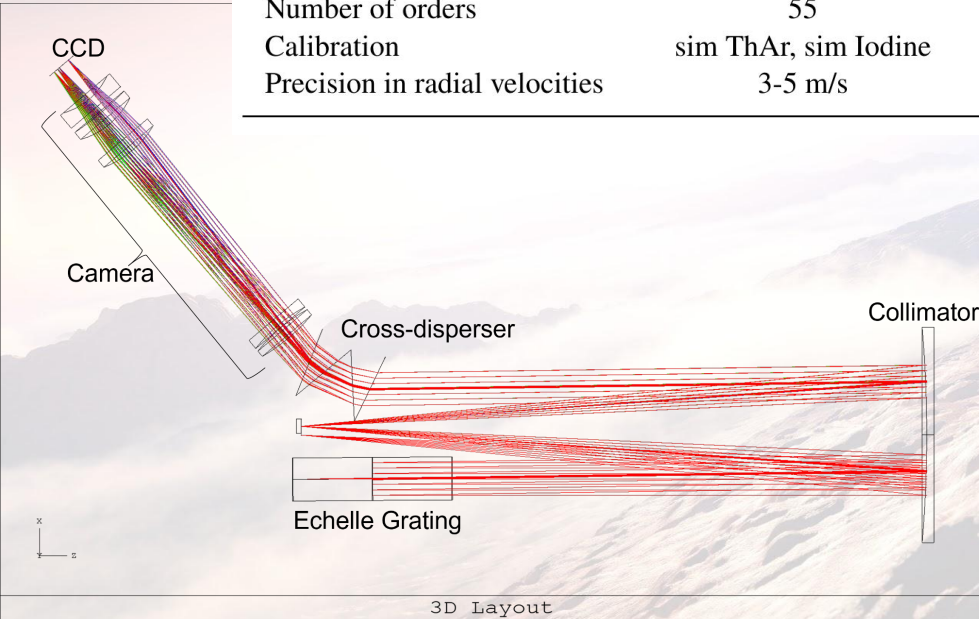
- 2024 - FE, CU, optical fibers, balancing of the telescope, installation of PLATOSpec



November 25, 2024
- first light and regular
observations

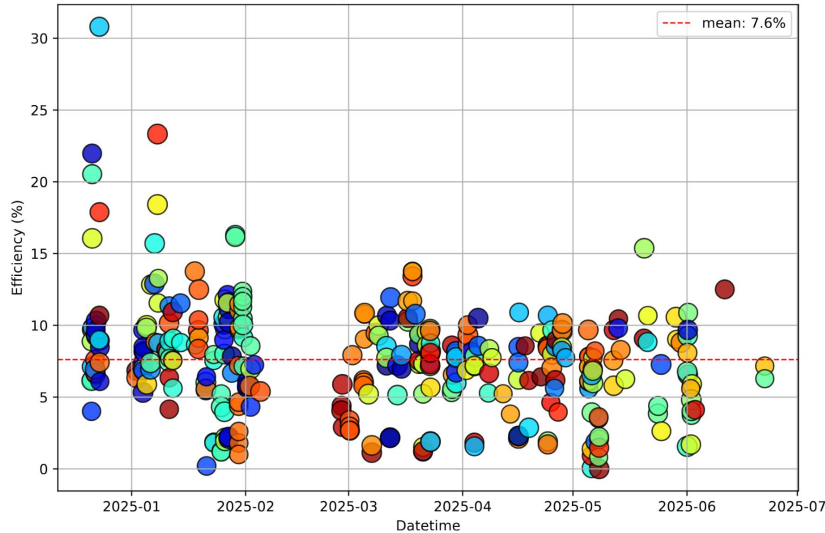
PLATOSpec

Parameter	Value
Spectrograph feeding	fiber, image slicer
Spectrograph type	echelle, white pupil
Detector	Andor Ikon GLx (2k×2k)
Wavelength range	380-700 (nm)
Resolving power	70,000
Number of orders	55
Calibration	sim ThAr, sim Iodine
Precision in radial velocities	3-5 m/s

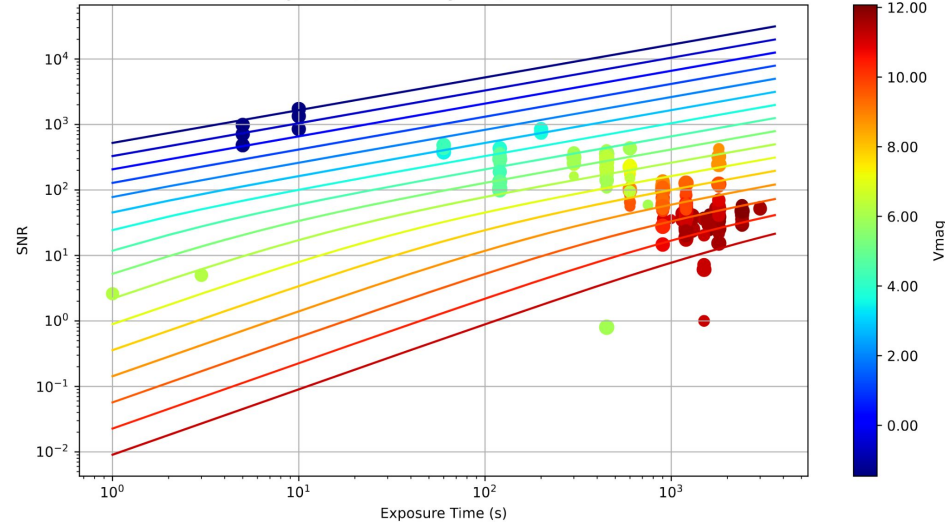


PLATOSpec - performance

Efficiency vs Datetime 328 observations
Seeing 0.4-0.7, Airmass 1.0-1.1



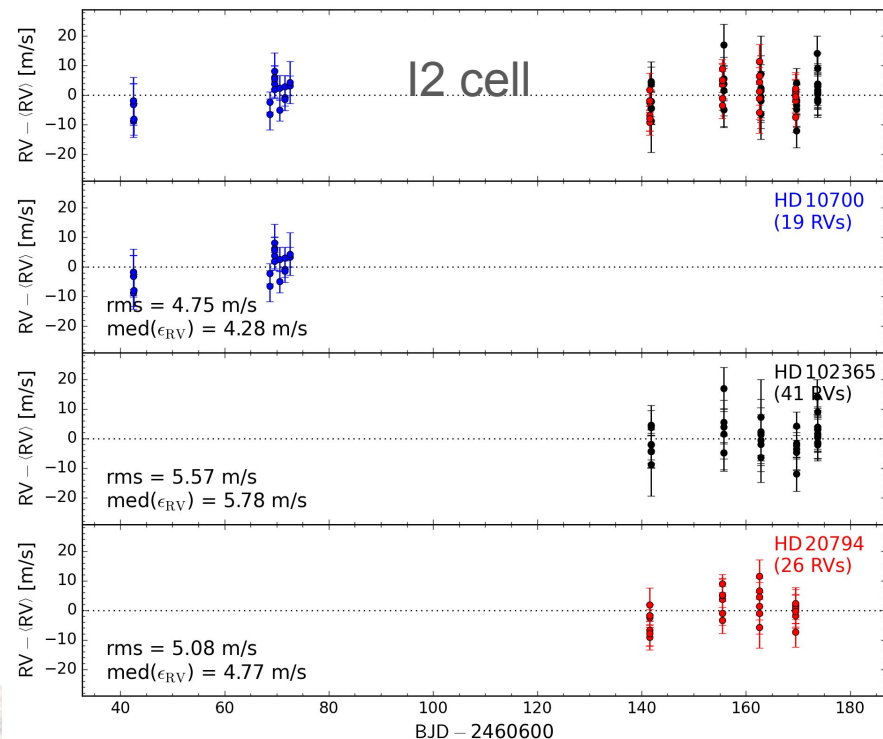
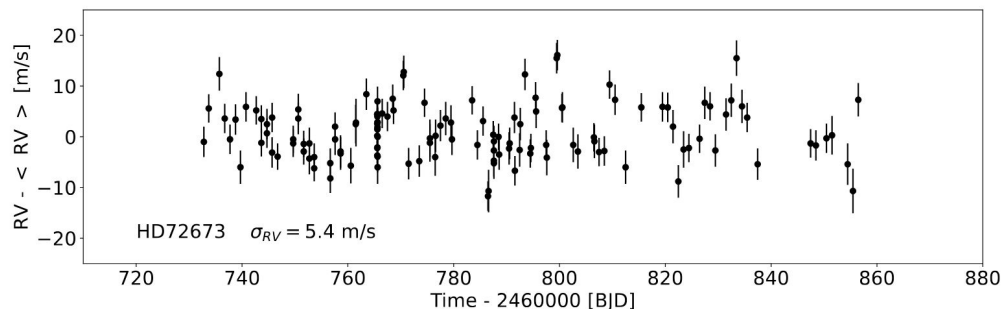
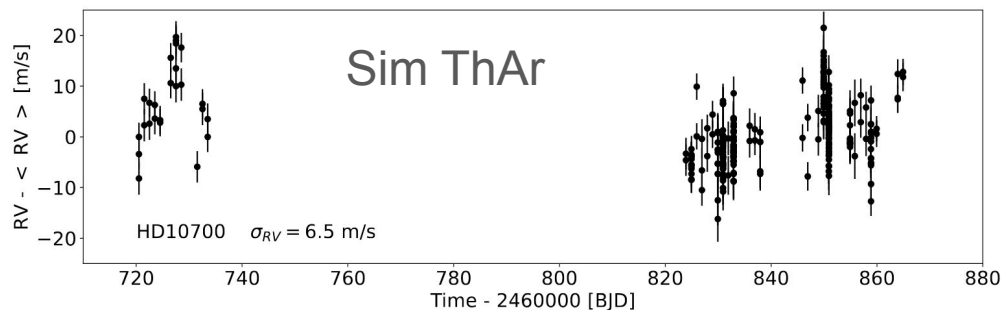
SNR vs Exposure Time v/s Seeing (0.4 to 0.7)
328 observations between 2024-12-20 to 2025-07-03,
efficiency: 7.6 %, $-1 < V_{\text{mag}} < 13$, $1.0 < \text{airmass} < 1.1$



Kabáth et al., under review in MNRAS

- Efficiency of about 7.5 %
- 12-mag star with 1800-seconds exposure time SNR~30-40

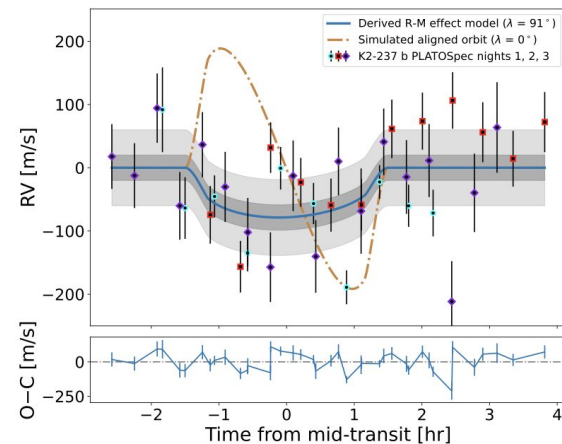
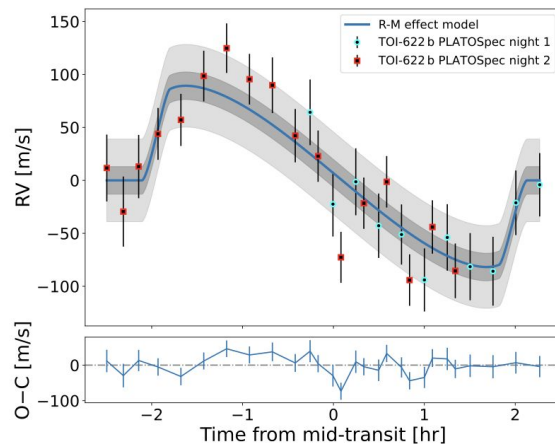
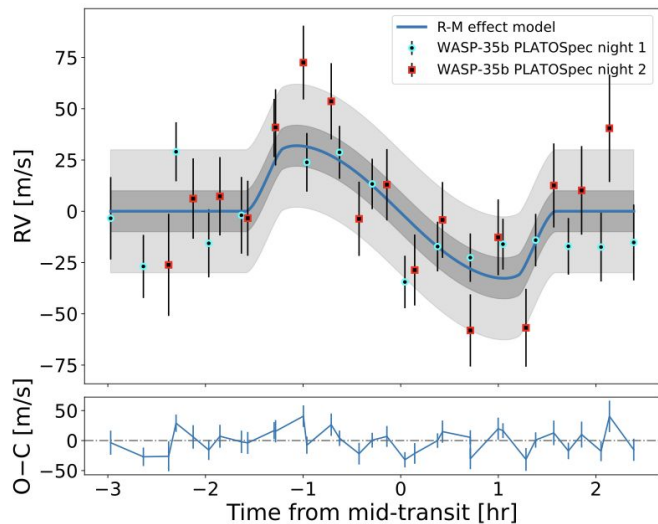
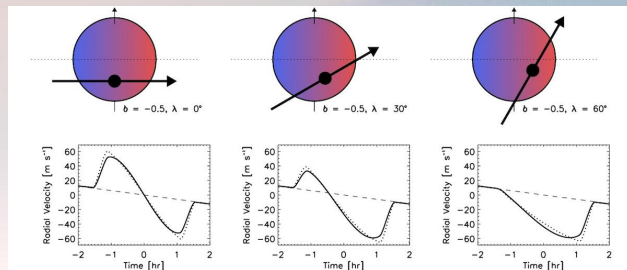
PLATOSpec - performance



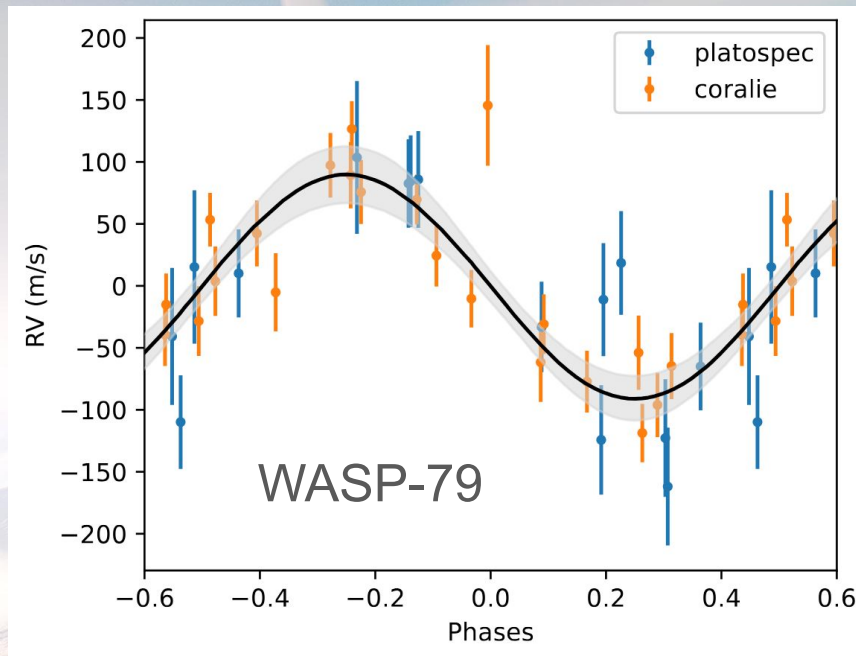
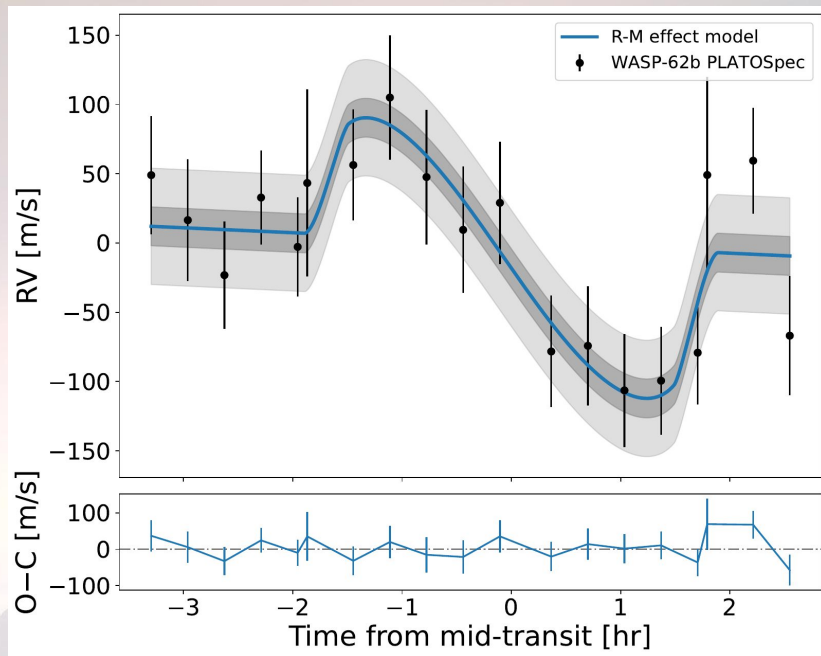
Kabáth et al., under review in MNRAS

- Single-point uncertainty ~ 2 -3 m/s
- Long-term RMS ~ 5 -6 m/s

PLATOSpec - capabilities



PLATOSpec - capabilities



Kabáth et al., under review in MNRAS

- WASP-62 b: projected spin-orbit alignment $\lambda=23\pm22$ deg (single transit observations, 600-1200 s; SNR 14-30; $\sigma_{RV}\sim44$ m/s; literature $\lambda=19\pm12$ deg based on HARPS)
- WASP-79 b: $K=91\pm17$ m/s (literature $K=88\pm8$ m/s); $M=0.93\pm0.17 M_J$ (literature $0.91\pm0.09 M_J$)

PLATOSpec - capabilities

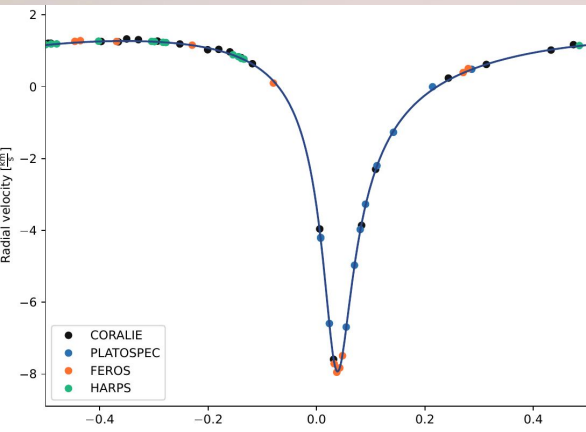
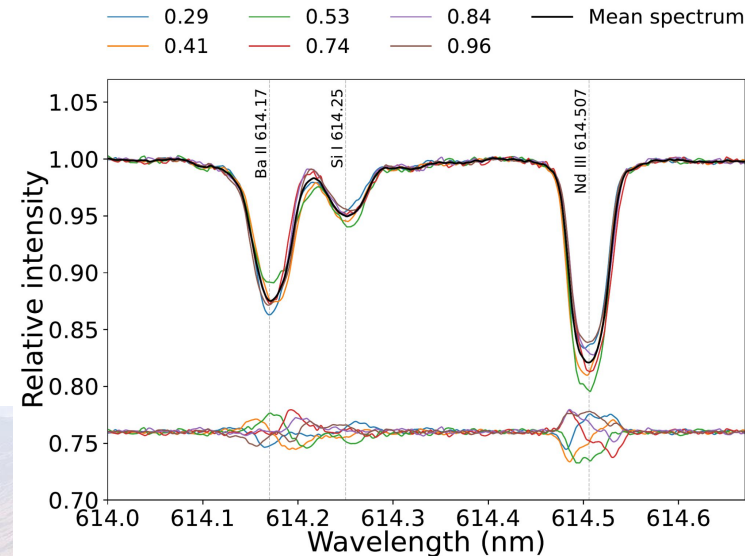
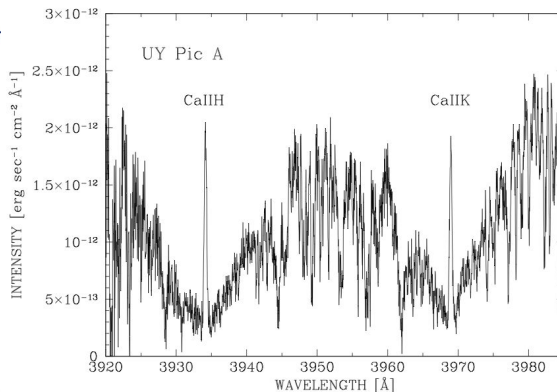


Table 2. Radial velocity parameters of TIC238060327

Parameter	combined	Rodel 2025
K [km/s]	4.604 ± 0.010	4.615 ± 0.010
e	0.7140 ± 0.0006	0.7144 ± 0.0009
ω [deg]	170.34 ± 0.16	170.54 ± 0.20
γ_{CORALIE} [km/s]	78.423 ± 0.008	78.427 ± 0.009
γ_{FEROS} [km/s]	78.410 ± 0.013	78.418 ± 0.010
γ_{HARPS} [km/s]	78.317 ± 0.003	78.314 ± 0.006
$\gamma_{\text{PLATOSpec}}$ [km/s]	78.430 ± 0.011	–
$\ln(\sigma_{\text{CORALIE}} / \frac{\text{km}}{\text{s}})$	$-5.1^{+1.3}_{-3.3}$	$-3.99^{+0.4}_{-0.7}$
$\ln(\sigma_{\text{FEROS}} / \frac{\text{km}}{\text{s}})$	-3.3 ± 0.3	-3.5 ± 0.3
$\ln(\sigma_{\text{HARPS}} / \frac{\text{km}}{\text{s}})$	$-7.5^{+1.6}_{-1.8}$	-4.27 ± 0.3
$\ln(\sigma_{\text{PLATOSpec}} / \frac{\text{km}}{\text{s}})$	$-4.3^{+0.7}_{-3.0}$	–



Kabáth et al., under review in MNRAS

- Studies of binary systems, stellar activity, line-profile variations (pulsations, chemical peculiarity)

PLATOSpec - capabilities

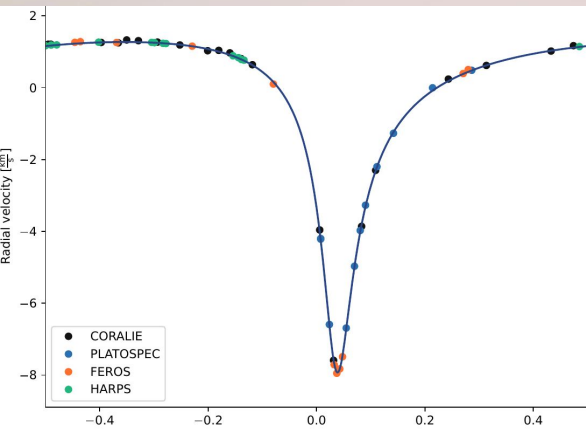
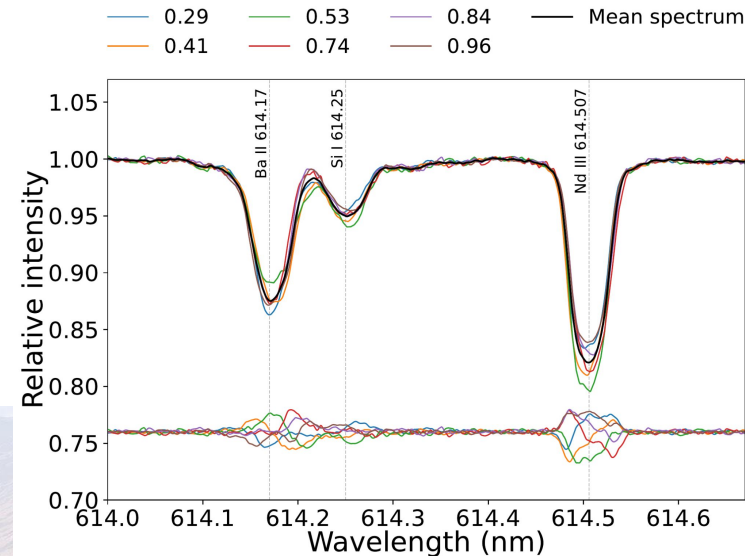
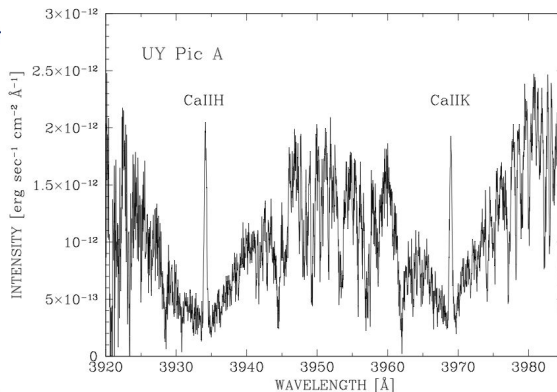


Table 2. Radial velocity parameters of TIC238060327

Parameter	combined	Rodel 2025
K [km/s]	4.604 ± 0.010	4.615 ± 0.010
e	0.7140 ± 0.0006	0.7144 ± 0.0009
ω [deg]	170.34 ± 0.16	170.54 ± 0.20
γ_{CORALIE} [km/s]	78.423 ± 0.008	78.427 ± 0.009
γ_{FEROS} [km/s]	78.410 ± 0.013	78.418 ± 0.010
γ_{HARPS} [km/s]	78.317 ± 0.003	78.314 ± 0.006
$\gamma_{\text{PLATOSpec}}$ [km/s]	78.430 ± 0.011	–
$\ln(\sigma_{\text{CORALIE}} / \frac{\text{km}}{\text{s}})$	$-5.1^{+1.3}_{-3.3}$	$-3.99^{+0.4}_{-0.7}$
$\ln(\sigma_{\text{FEROS}} / \frac{\text{km}}{\text{s}})$	-3.3 ± 0.3	-3.5 ± 0.3
$\ln(\sigma_{\text{HARPS}} / \frac{\text{km}}{\text{s}})$	$-7.5^{+1.6}_{-1.8}$	-4.27 ± 0.3
$\ln(\sigma_{\text{PLATOSpec}} / \frac{\text{km}}{\text{s}})$	$-4.3^{+0.7}_{-3.0}$	–



Kabáth et al., under review in MNRAS

- Studies of binary systems, stellar activity, line-profile variations (pulsations, chemical peculiarity)

PLATOSpec is a versatile instrument suitable for many areas of stellar astrophysics

PLATOSpec - future

- Study of systematics
- Tip-tilt mirror
- Fabry-Perot etalon
- Contribution to GOP

Thank you for your attention!